



# PRE-ACT

- SAFE AND COST-EFFICIENT CO<sub>2</sub> STORAGE

Peder Eliasson, SINTEF

4th ACT Knowledge Sharing Workshop

Divani Palace Acropolis Hotel, Athens, 6 November 2019

# Pre-ACT background

- Response to first **ACT** call 2016
- Wanted to identify and address main storage-related challenges for **accelerated deployment of CCS** in collaboration with industry.
- Focus on crucial **storage challenges: capacity, confidence, and cost**
- Least common denominator: **pressure**



**Pressure control and conformance management for safe and efficient CO<sub>2</sub> storage - Accelerating CCS Technologies (Acronym: Pre-ACT)**

[www.sintef.no/pre-act](http://www.sintef.no/pre-act)

# Pre-ACT approach

---

- Answering to industry needs
- Learning from demonstration, pilot, and field lab data
- Deliverables with focus on industry uptake



# Pre-ACT approach

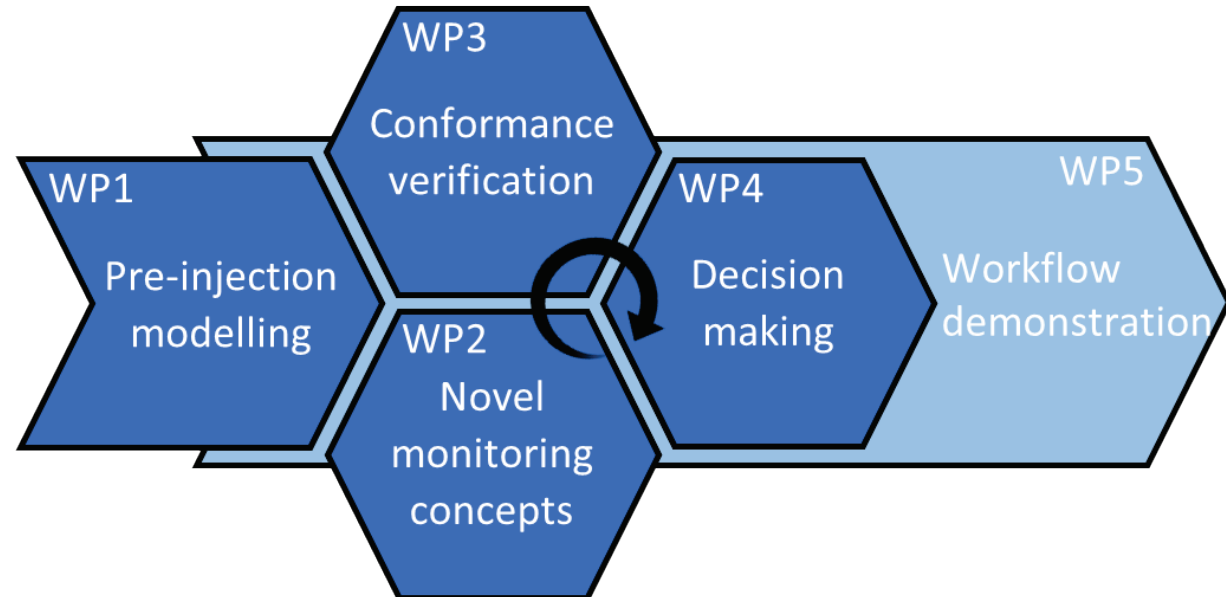
---

- Answering to industry needs
- Learning from demonstration, pilot, and field lab data
- Deliverables with focus on industry uptake



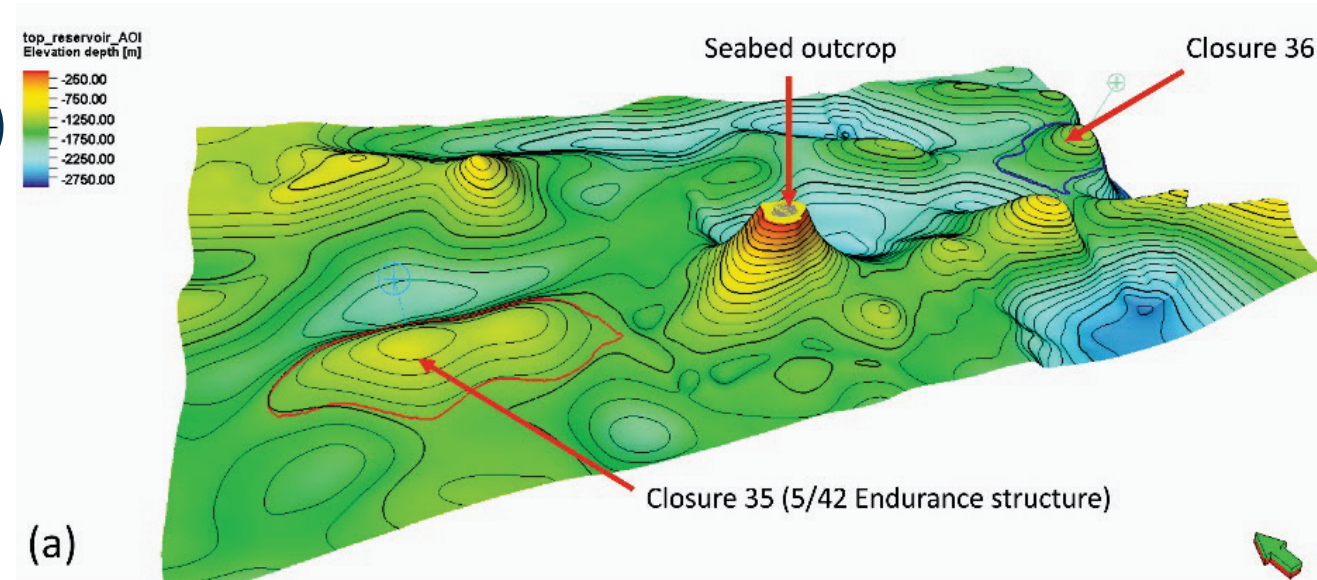
# Pre-ACT impact

- Methodologies and recommendations for **cost-efficient monitoring, reliable conformance assessment and decision making** (Pre-ACT Protocols)
- North Sea case studies:
  - Smeaheia (SINTEF, Equinor, ++)
  - P18-4 (TNO, TAQA, ++)
  - Endurance (BGS, Shell, ++)
- Workshops with industry, stakeholders, researchers
- First Svelvik CO<sub>2</sub> Field Lab campaign



# Pre-ACT impact

- Methodologies and recommendations for **cost-efficient monitoring, reliable conformance assessment and decision making** (Pre-ACT Protocols)
- North Sea case studies:
  - Smeaheia (SINTEF, Equinor, ++)
  - P18-4 (TNO, TAQA, ++)
  - Endurance (BGS, Shell, ++)
- Workshops with industry, stakeholders, researchers
- First Svelvik CO<sub>2</sub> Field Lab campaign



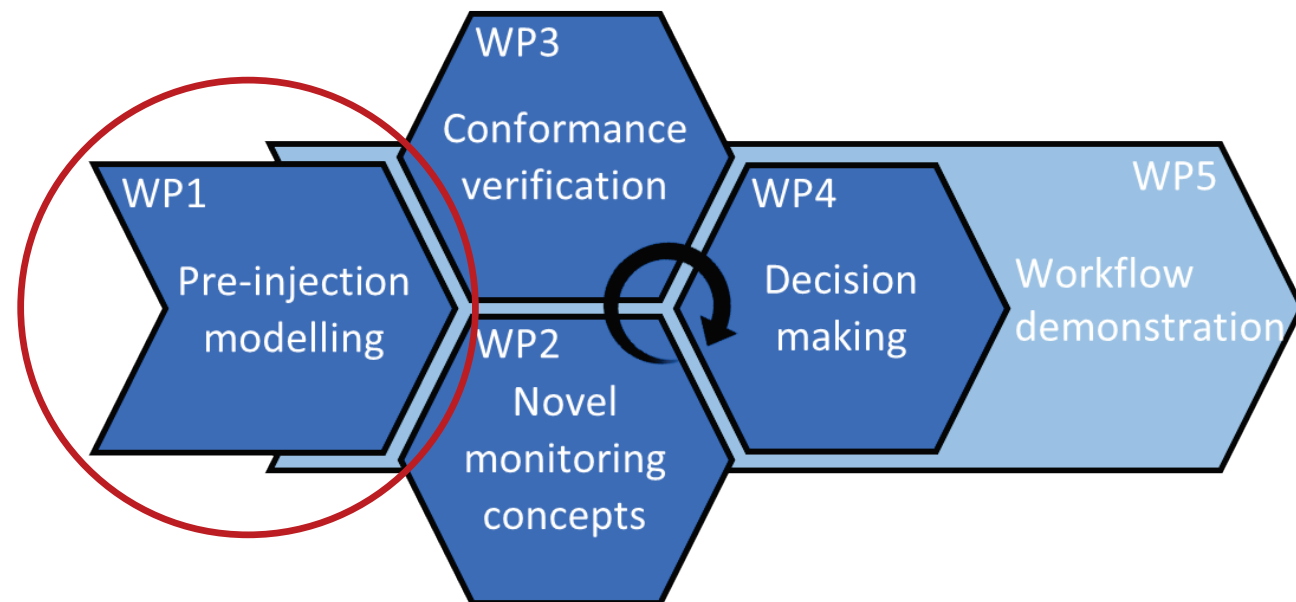
# Pre-ACT impact

- Methodologies and recommendations for **cost-efficient monitoring, reliable conformance assessment and decision making** (Pre-ACT Protocols)
- North Sea case studies:
  - Smeaheia (SINTEF, Equinor, ++)
  - P18-4 (TNO, TAQA, ++)
  - Endurance (BGS, Shell, ++)
- Workshops with industry, stakeholders, researchers
- First Svelvik CO<sub>2</sub> Field Lab campaign



# WP1: Pre-injection modelling

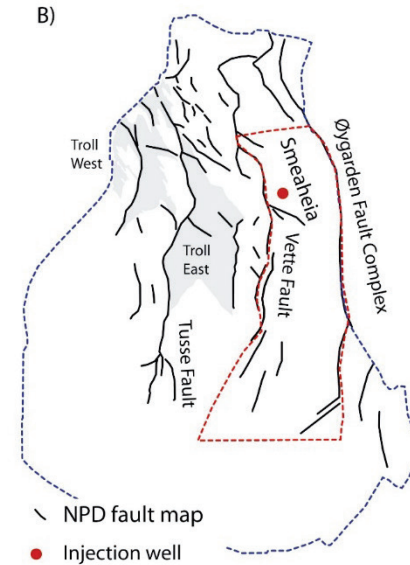
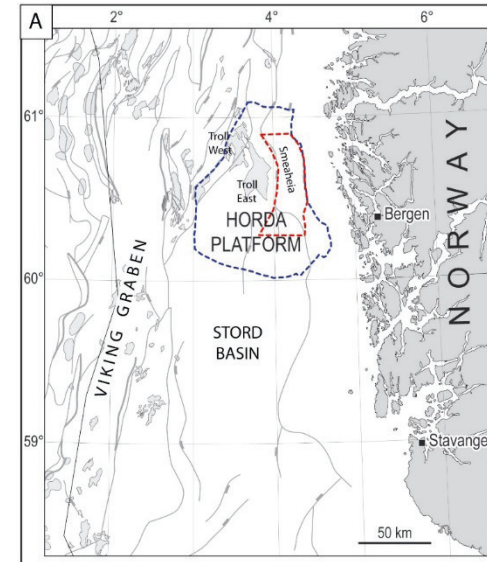
- WP leader: Jim White (BGS)
- Study optimal injection planning via effective pressure control
- Focus on understanding propagation and control of pressure increases following injection through a program of modelling and laboratory work



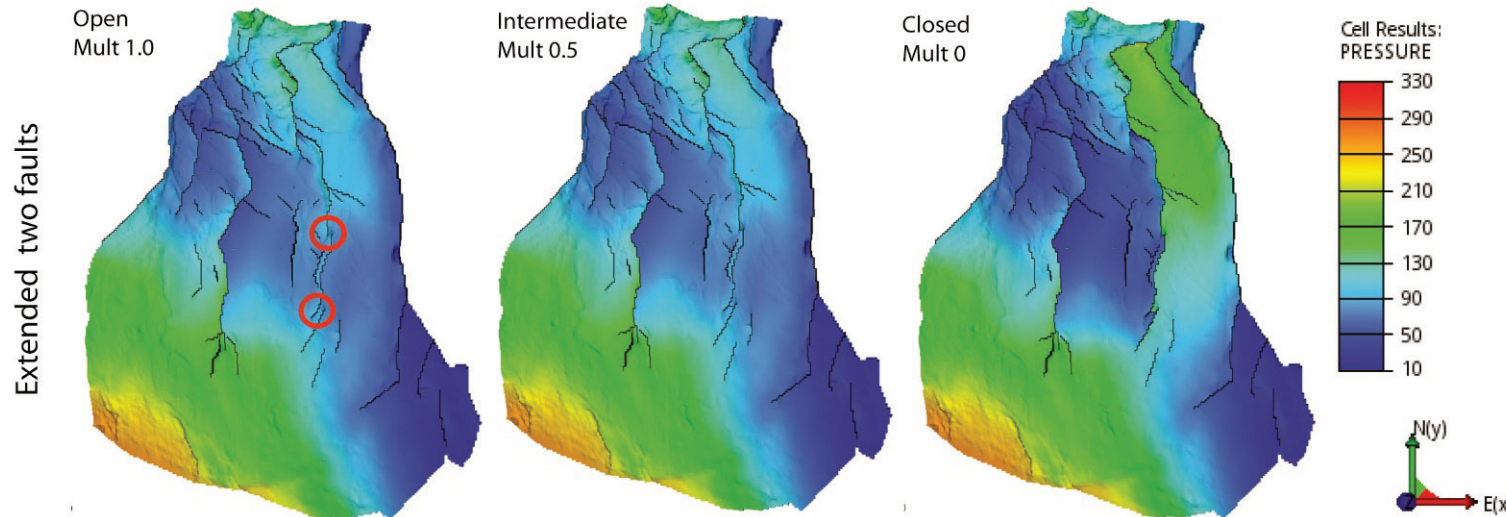


# Fault heterogeneity

- Study of the effect of uncertain fault characterisation
- Varying sealing properties in fault relay zones has a major impact on pressure propagation



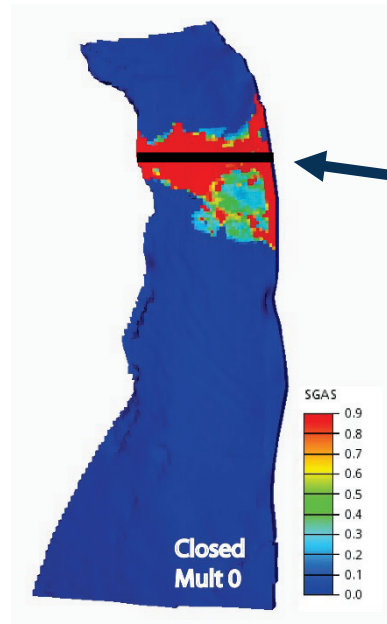
Lothe et al., (2019)



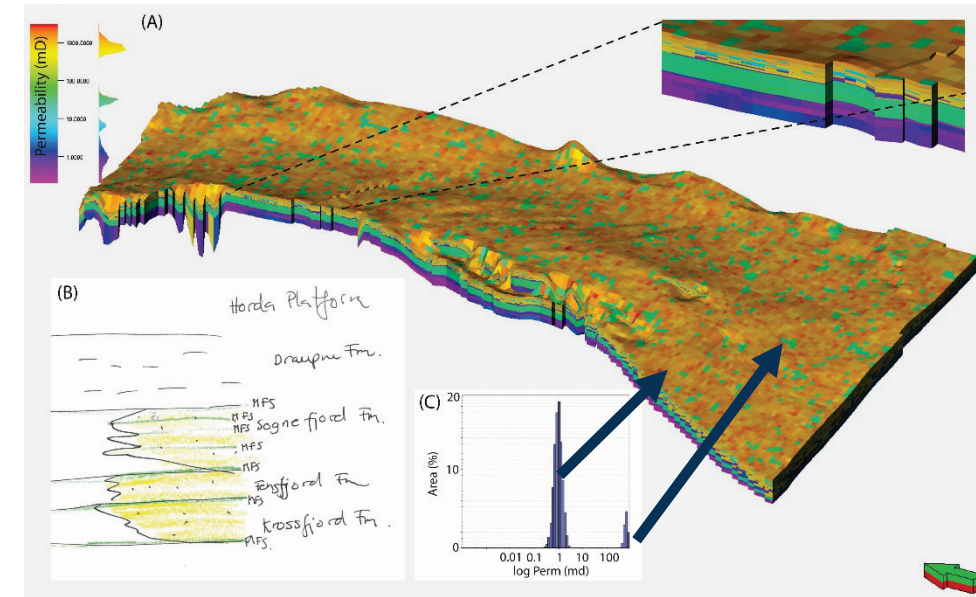
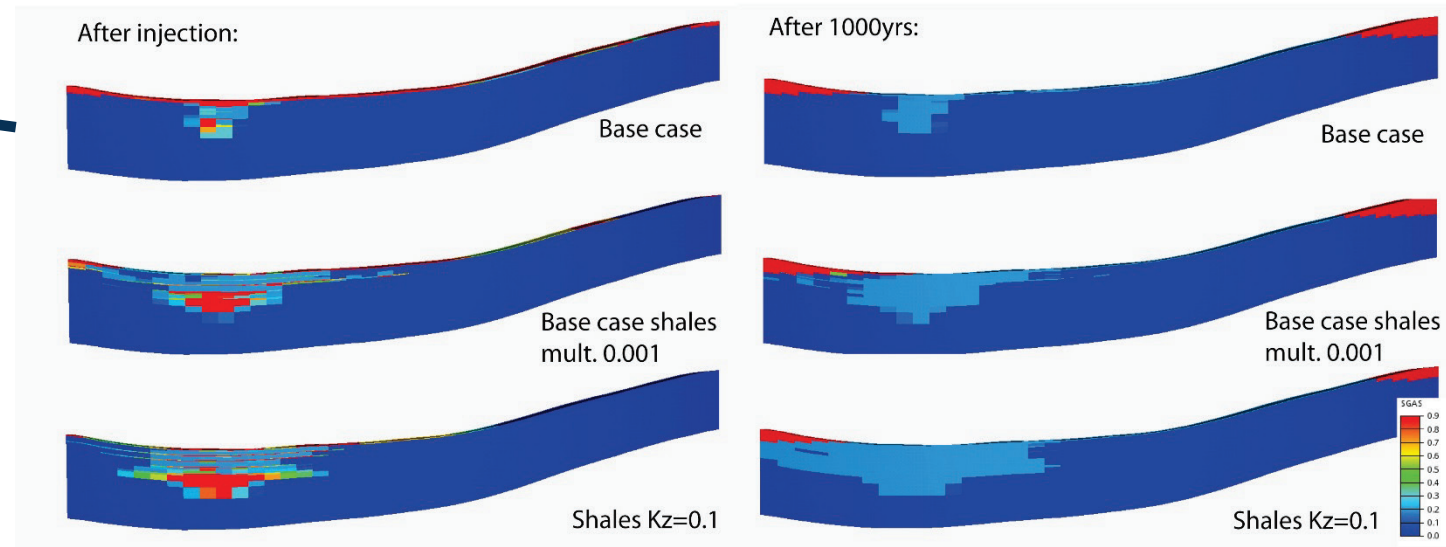
Lothe et al. (2018)

# Heterogeneities in reservoir

- Study effect of facies related heterogeneities (400x400 m grid block) using 27 layers.
- The base case is a stochastic model with clay layers and localized zones of high permeability.
- CO<sub>2</sub> injection rate is constant at 3 Mt/yr for 50 yrs
- Injected CO<sub>2</sub> migrates rapidly toward east, here with sealing faults
- Tighter clay layers result in more dissolved gas



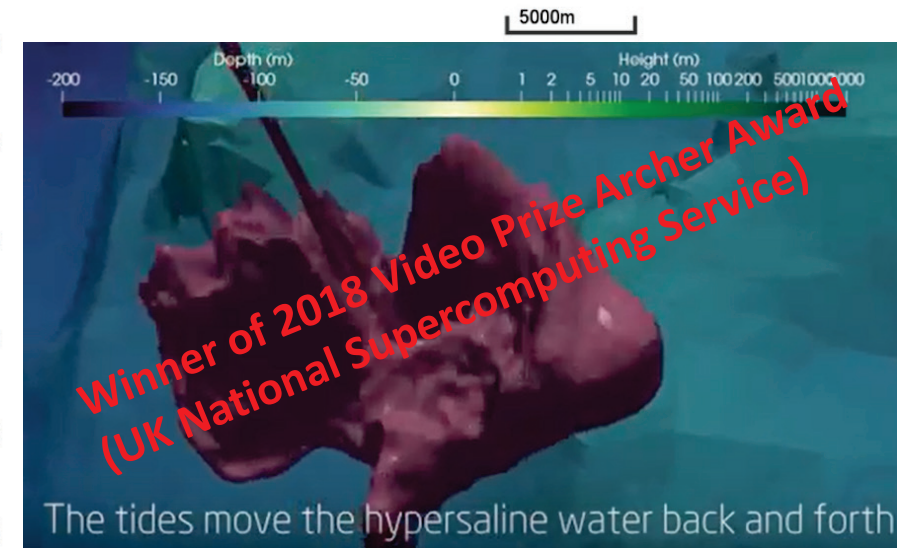
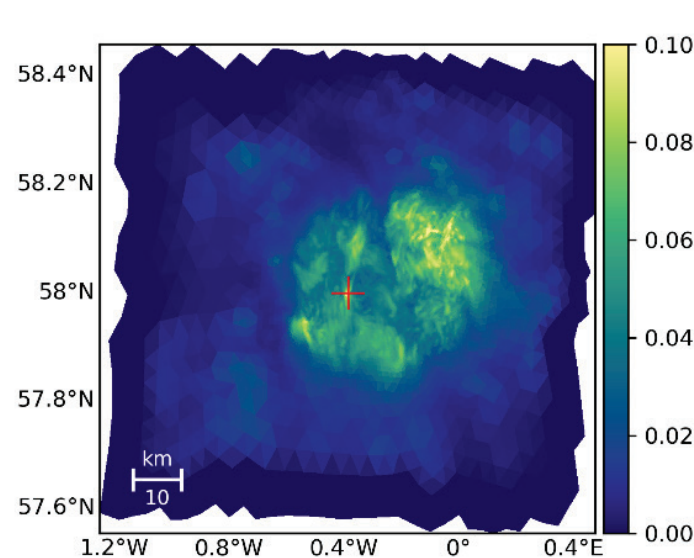
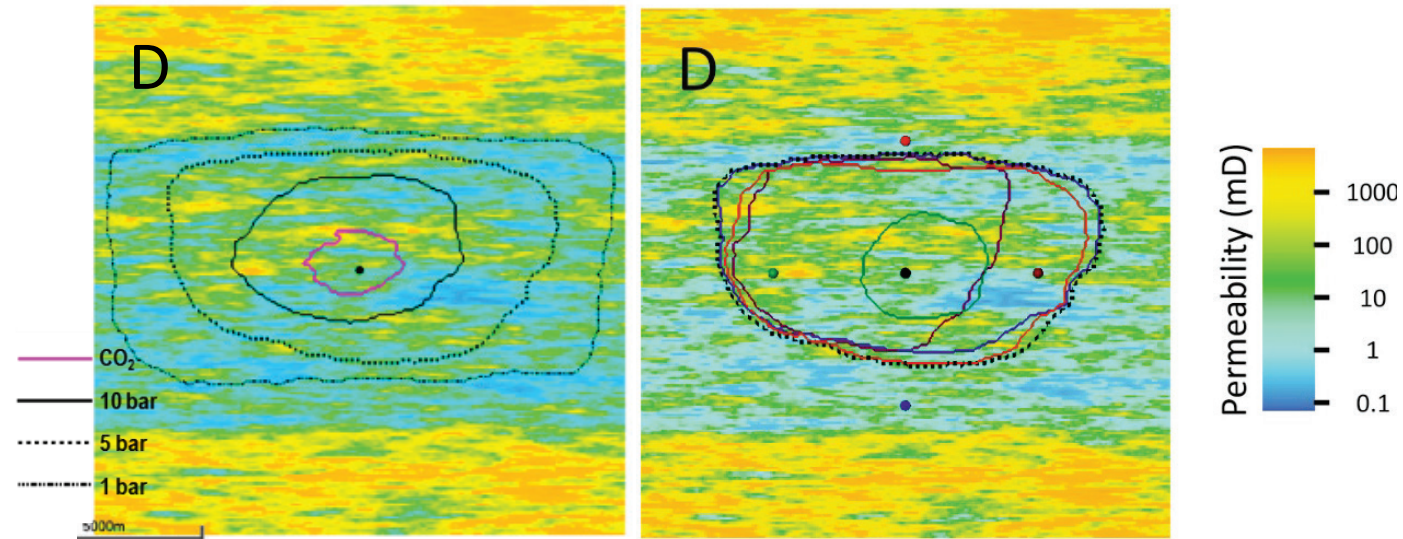
From Lothe et al. (2019)



Base case permeability distribution for the clay-rich layers, with patches of sands.

# Pressure control

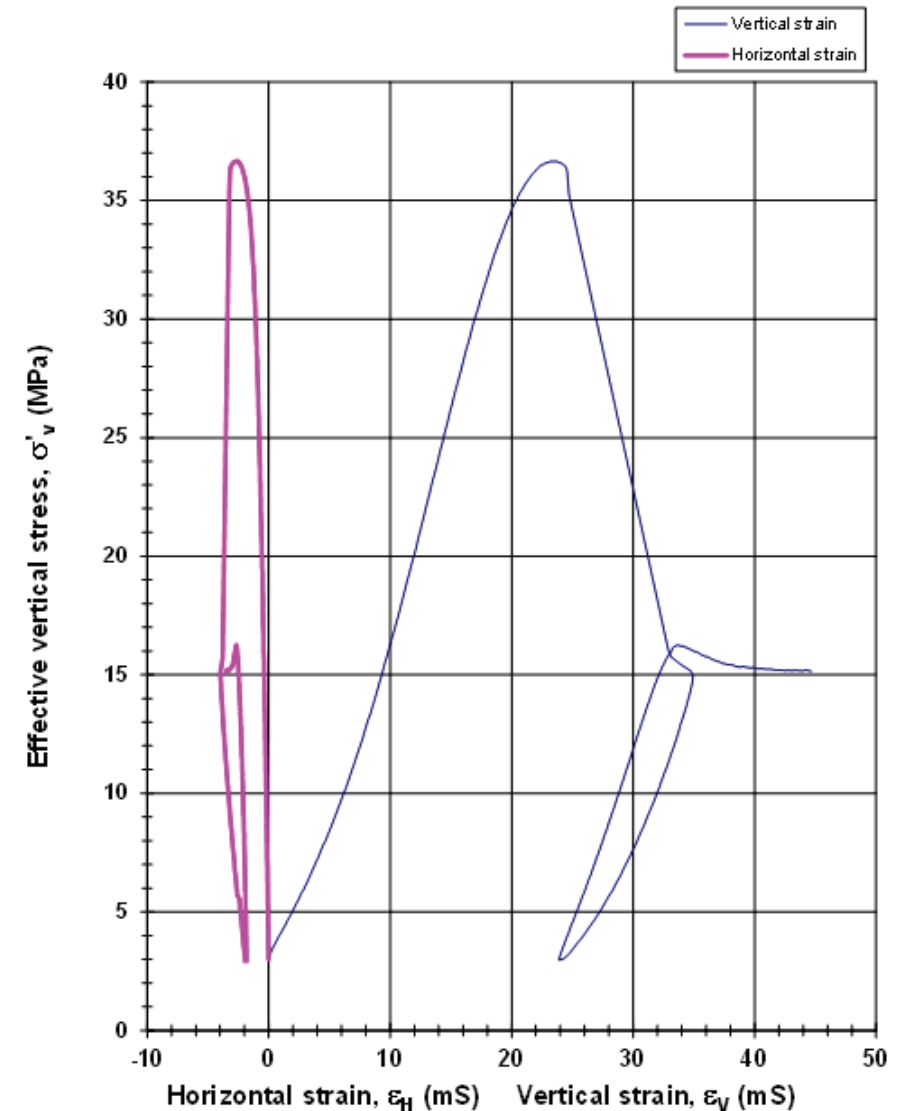
- Effect of geological heterogeneities on pressure studied
- Four different production well locations compared
- Various orientation and degree of heterogeneity (case D shown here)
- Impact of hypersaline discharge also modelled



<https://youtu.be/EmQv4qk0kUo>

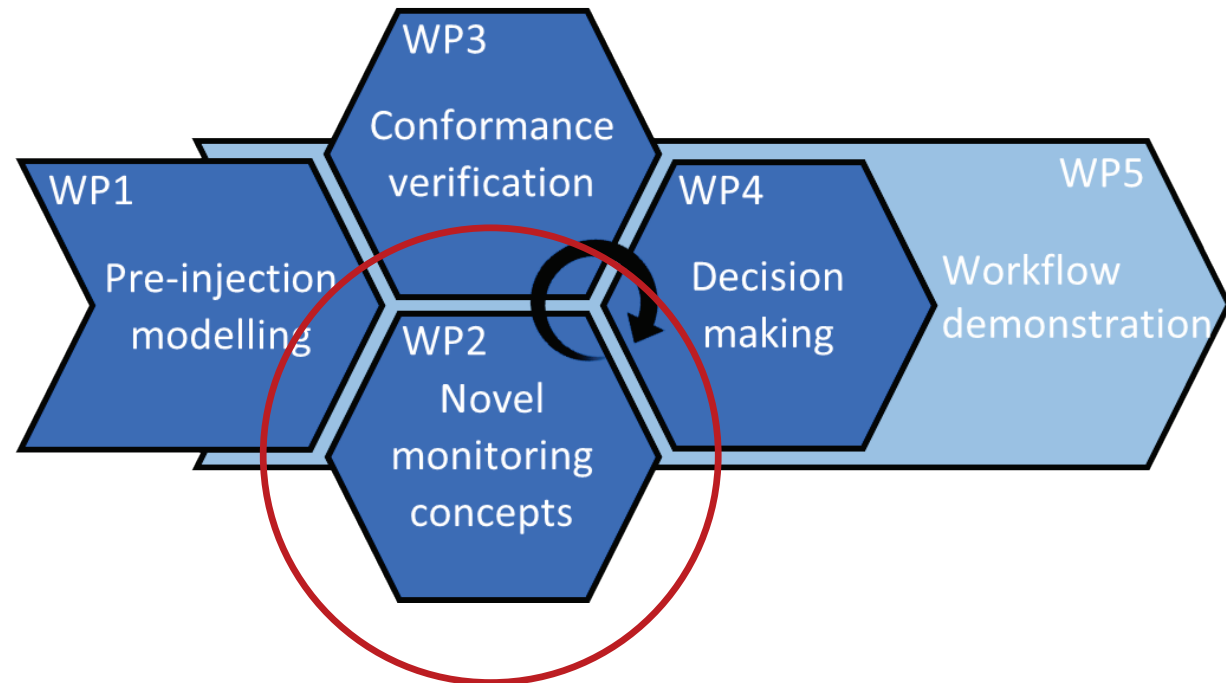
# Geomechanical lab studies

- Acoustic Emission tests on-going at NGI
  - First results available
- Thermal stress tests on-going at SINTEF
  - Modelling at TNO



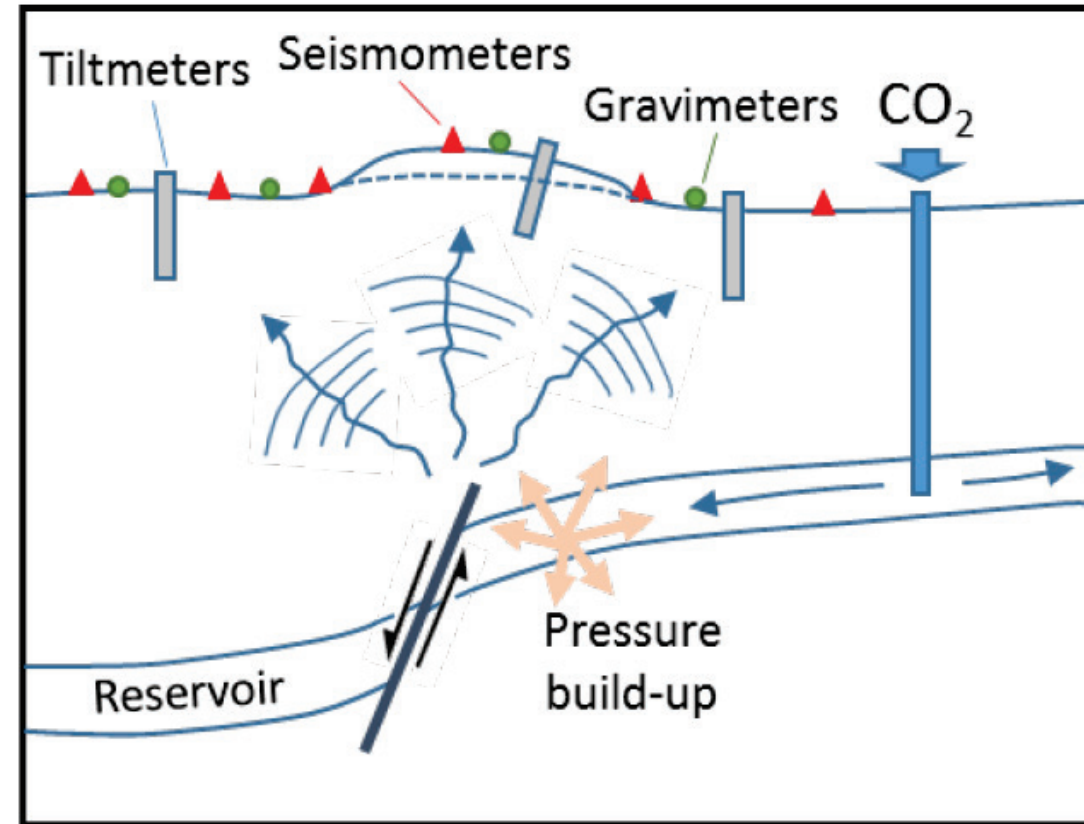
# WP2: Novel monitoring concepts

- WP leader: Conny Schmidt-Hattenberger (GFZ)
- Minimize cost and get sufficient information by using passive-active monitoring strategy
- Novel concepts for quantification of pore pressure and saturation
- Methods applied to Svelvik CO<sub>2</sub> field lab



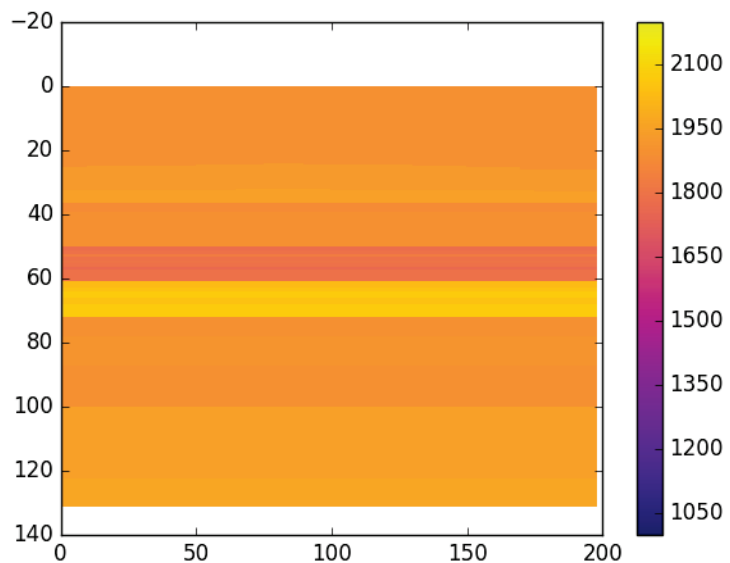
# Passive-active monitoring workflow

- Sparse, semi-continuous monitoring, with complementary detailed measurements
- Potentially all geophysical methods are suitable
- Investigation of different passive seismic data types
  - Ambient noise
  - Teleseismic, regional earthquakes, micro-seismicity

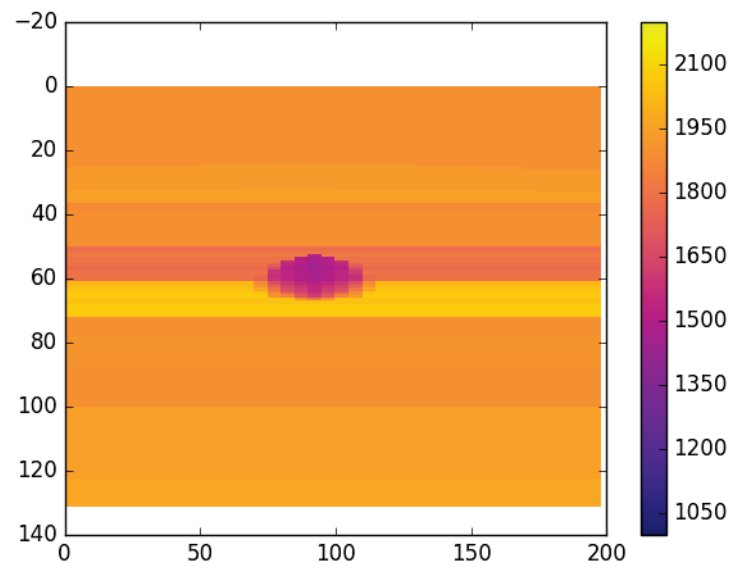


# Ambient Noise Seismic Interferometry

- Velocity ( $v_p$ ) models for low containment case



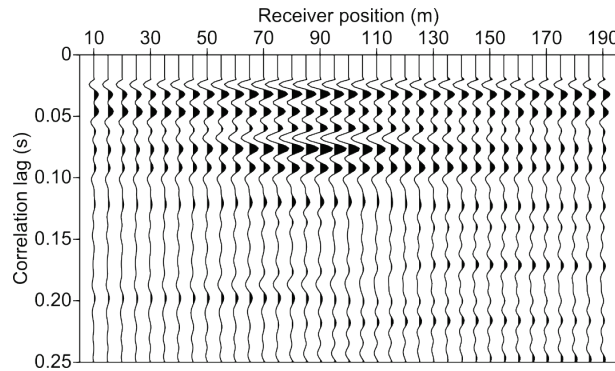
$v_p$  at  $d_0$



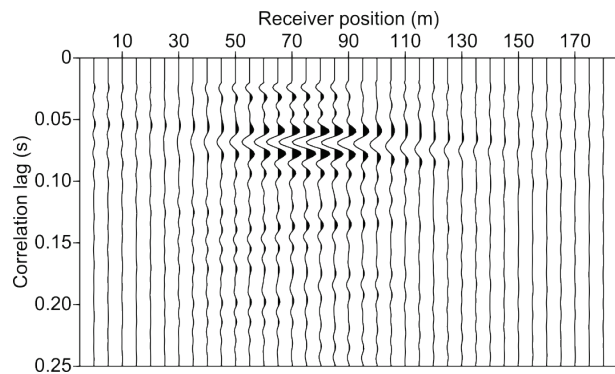
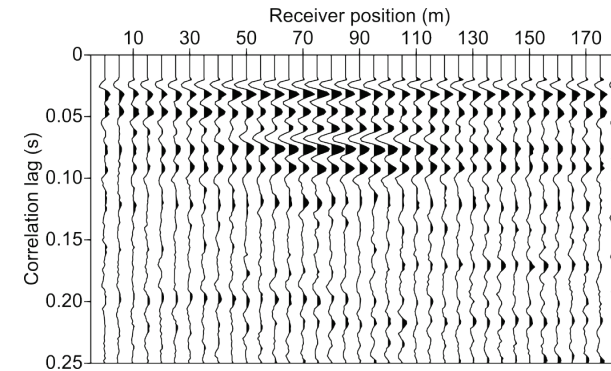
$v_p$  at  $d_{15}$

# Ambient Noise Seismic Interferometry

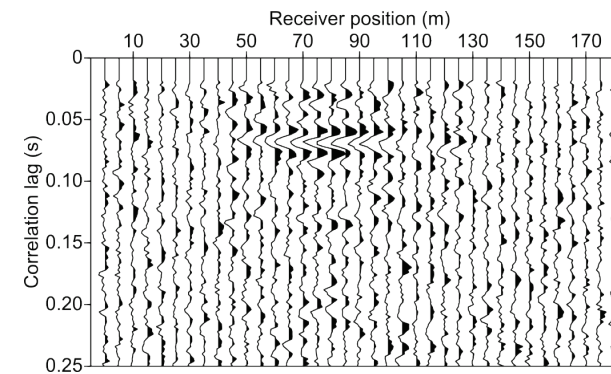
- Retrieved auto-correlations (fmax=70)



d<sub>15</sub>



$(d_{15} - d_0) \times 2$

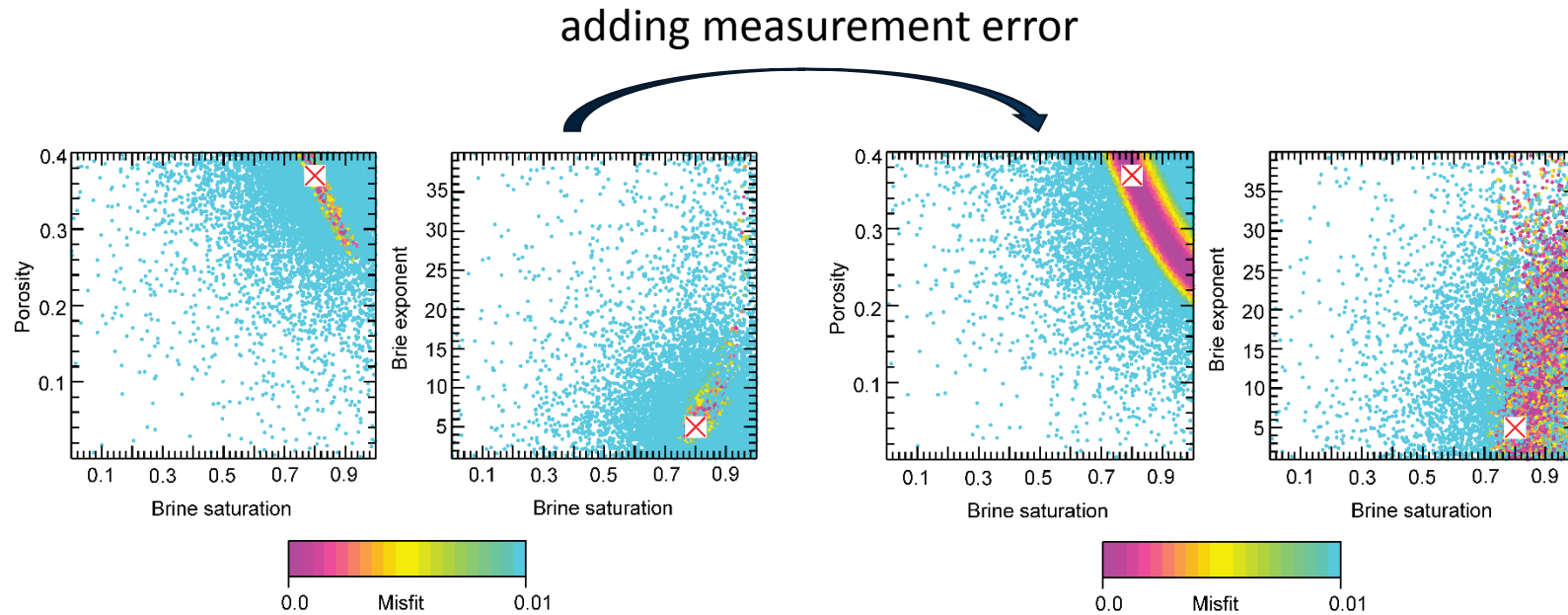


with random noise



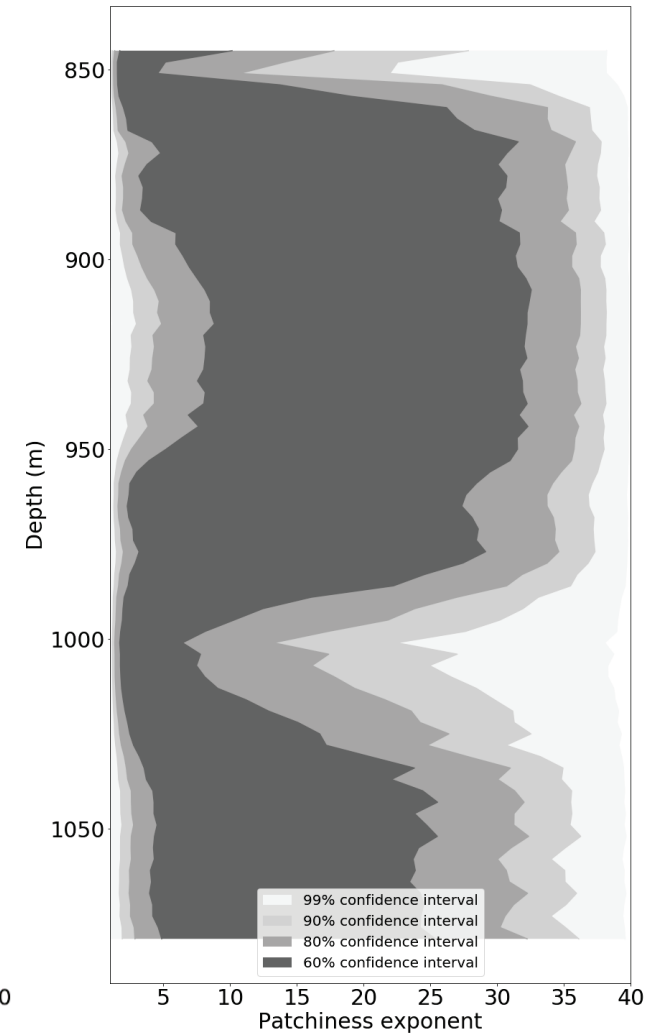
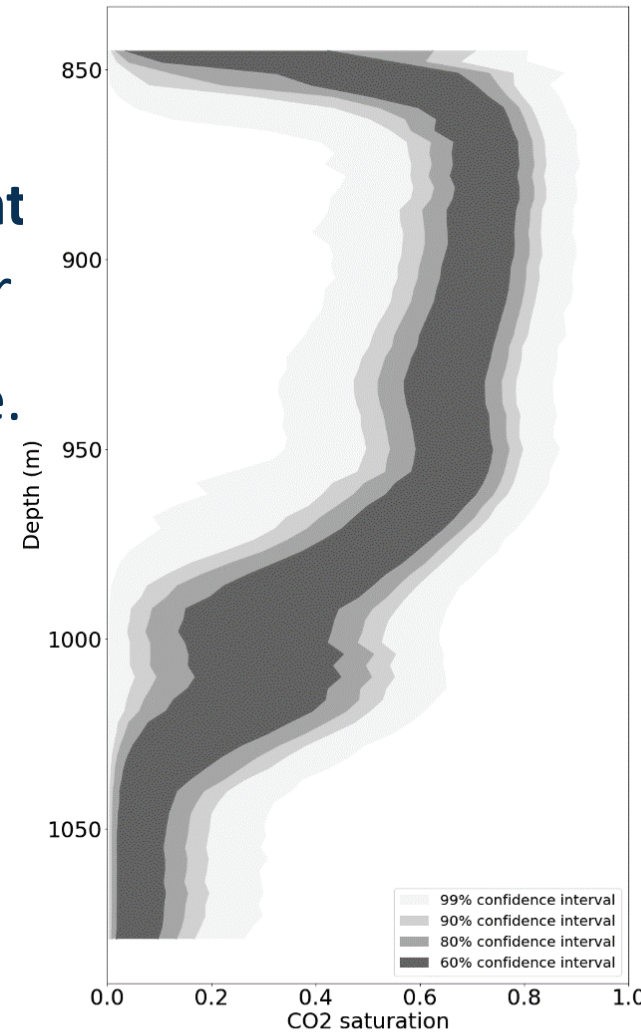
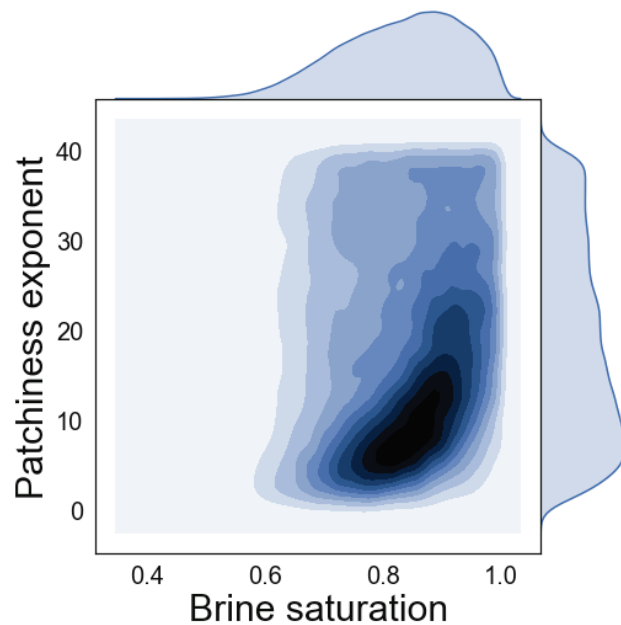
# Rock physics inversion

- An integrated methodology for **quantitative CO<sub>2</sub> monitoring** using a Bayesian formulation (accounting for uncertainty) has been developed
- Multiple data sets used to quantify e.g. pressure and saturation



# Rock physics inversion

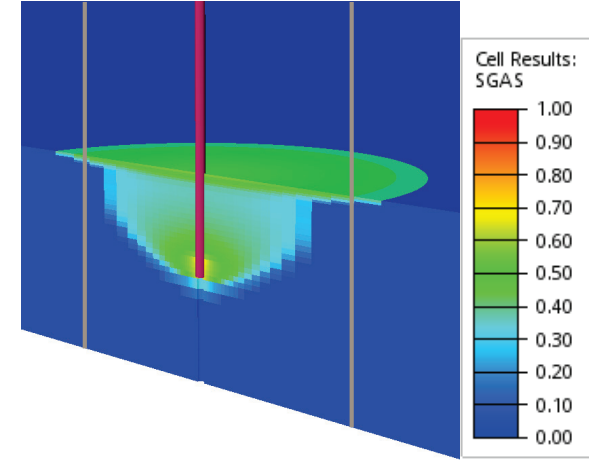
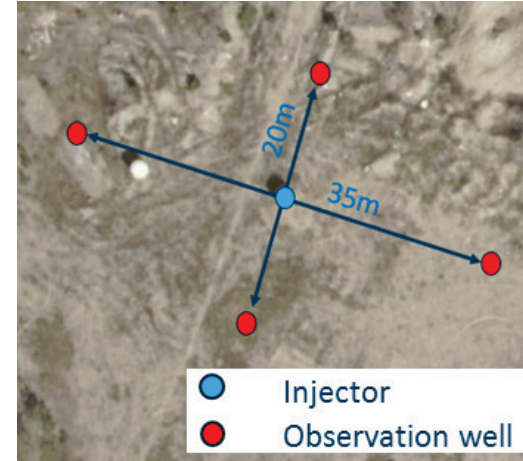
- An integrated methodology for **quant** Bayesian formulation (accounting for
- Multiple data sets used to quantify e.



Dupuy et al. (presentation at Petroleum Geostatistics 2019)

# Svelvik CO<sub>2</sub> Field Lab

- Unique laboratory for development and testing of technologies for quantitative monitoring of CO<sub>2</sub> storage
- 1 Injection well, 4 observation wells
- Cross-hole seismic and ERT, in-situ pressure measurements, DAS, DTS, DSS
- Pre-ACT data for pressure-saturation discrimination and quantification
  - First brine injection for pressure change alone
  - Then CO<sub>2</sub> injection for combined saturation and pressure change



**File Parameters**

1st File

2nd File

**Plot Parameters**

Read Receiver Locations  
 Stack Correction  
 Remove Offset

MBAS  
 trace normalisation  All

Scale Factor

**Marker**

Enable Confidence Interval

Pick Channel   Limit [ms]

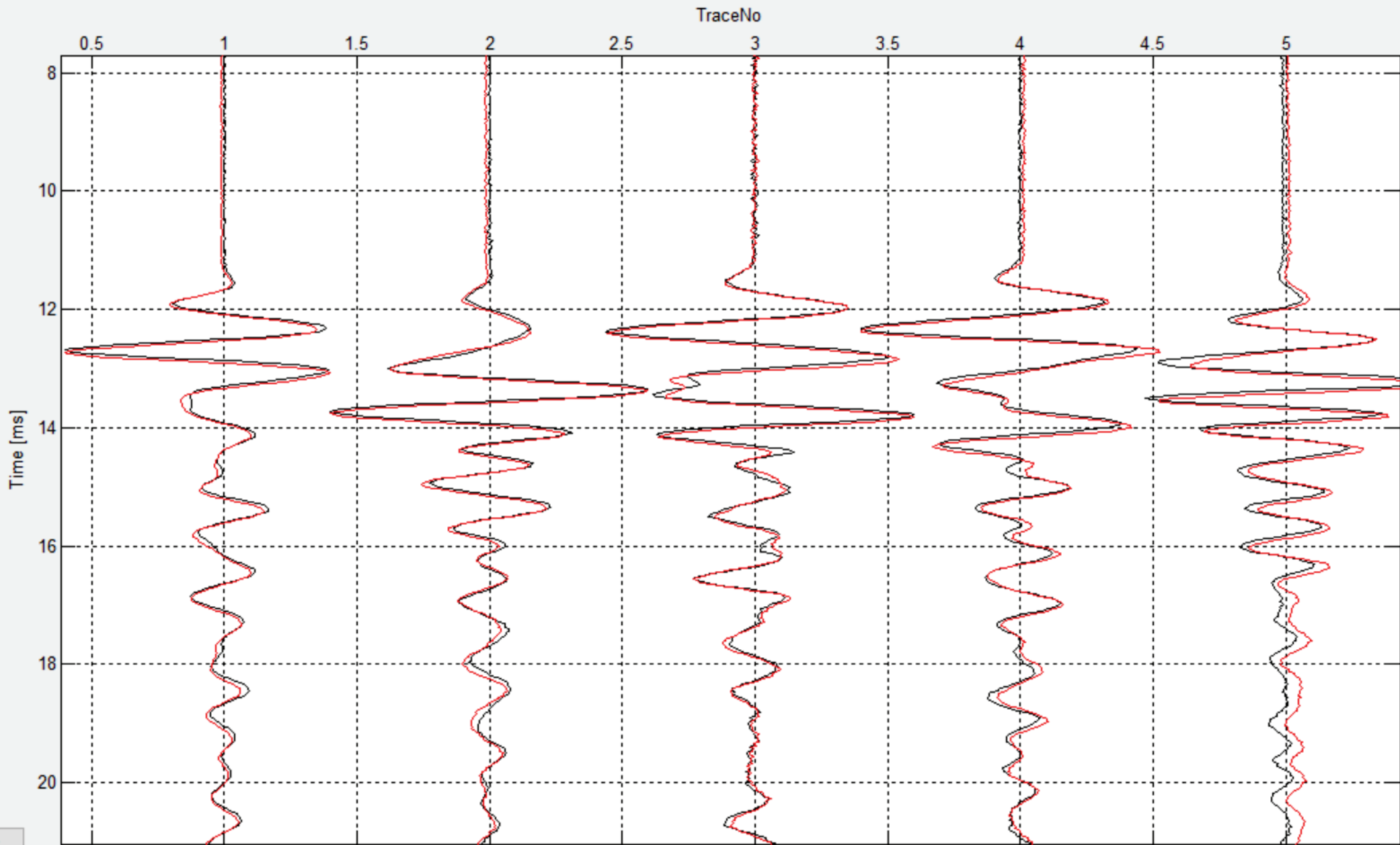
Distance [m]  Velocity [m/s]

**Lowpass Filter**

1st File  Hz  
 2nd File  Hz

**Highpass Filter**

1st File  Hz  
 2nd File  Hz



**File Parameters**

1st File

2nd File

**Plot Parameters**

Read Receiver Locations  
 Stack Correction  
 Remove Offset

MBAS

Scale Factor

**Marker**

Enable Confidence Interval

Pick Channel   Limit [ms]

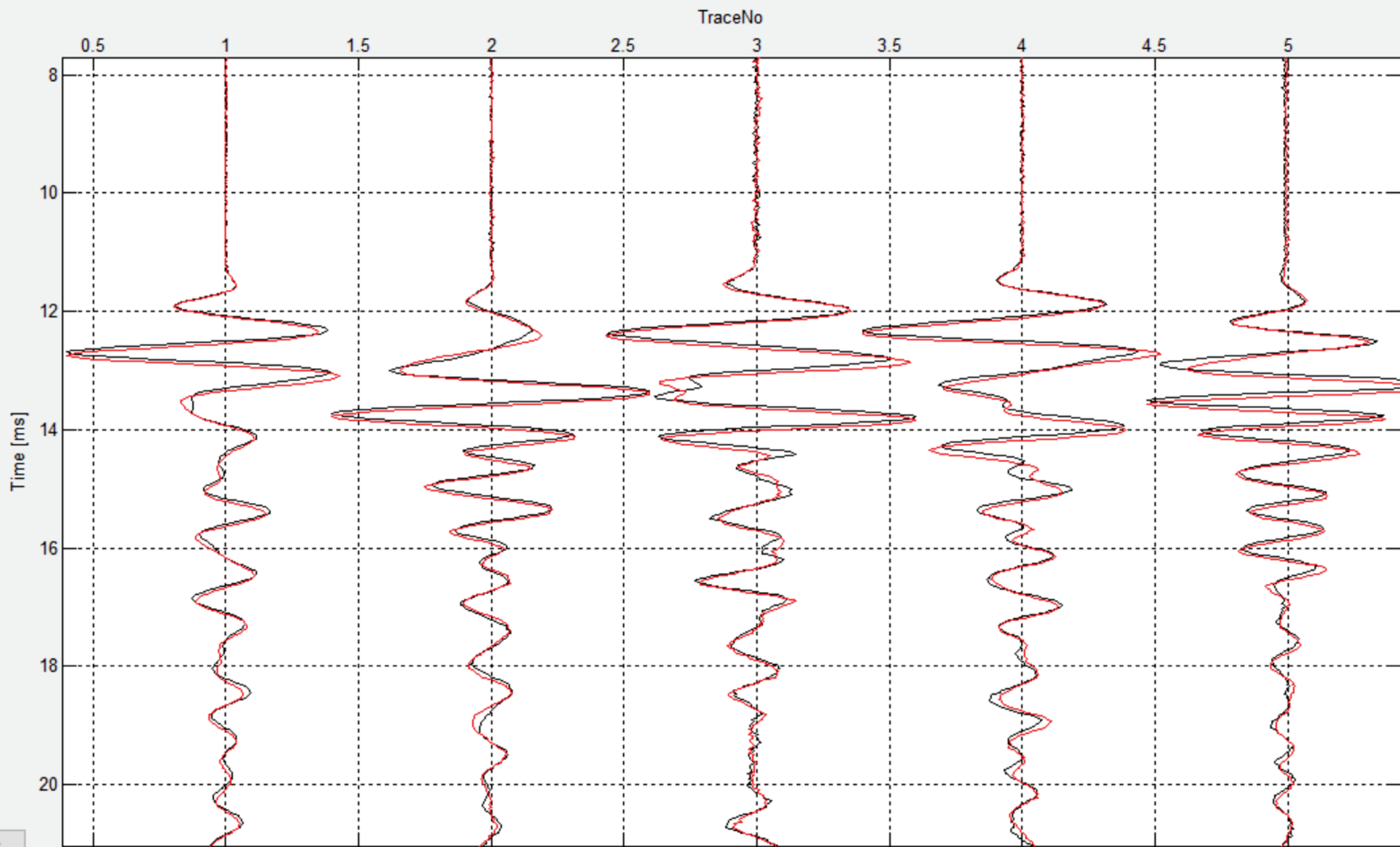
Distance [m]  Velocity [m/s]

**Lowpass Filter**

1st File  Hz  
 2nd File

**Highpass Filter**

1st File  Hz  
 2nd File



**File Parameters**

1st File

2nd File

**Plot Parameters**

Read Receiver Locations  
 Stack Correction  
 Remove Offset

MBAS  
trace normalisation  All

Scale Factor

**Marker**

Enable Confidence Interval

Pick Channel   Limit [ms]

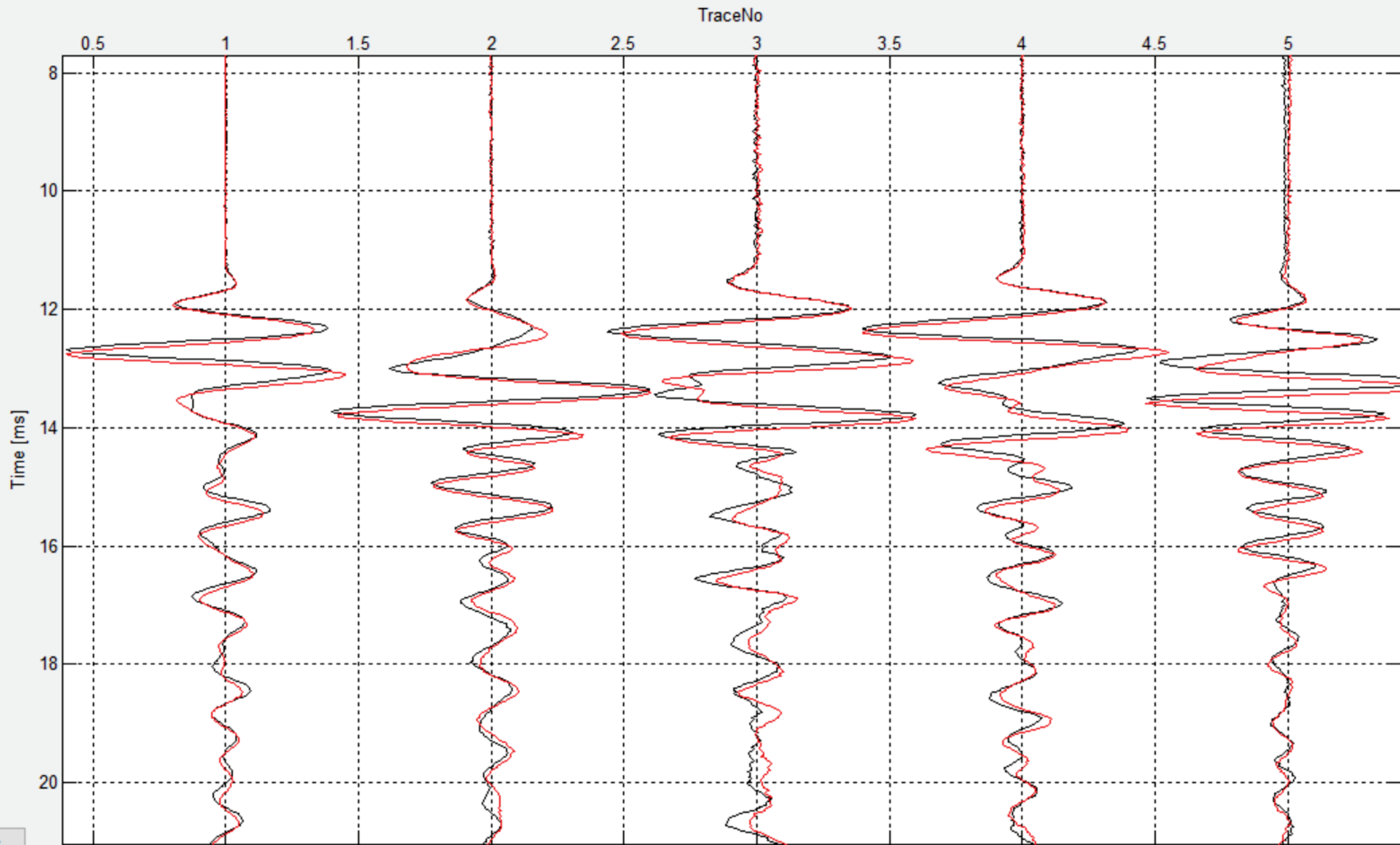
Distance [m]  Velocity [m/s]

**Lowpass Filter**

1st File  Hz  
 2nd File

**Highpass Filter**

1st File  Hz  
 2nd File



**File Parameters**

1st File

2nd File

**Plot Parameters**

Read Receiver Locations  
 Stack Correction  
 Remove Offset

MBAS  
trace normalisation  All

Scale Factor

**Marker**

Enable Confidence Interval

Pick Channel   Limit [ms]

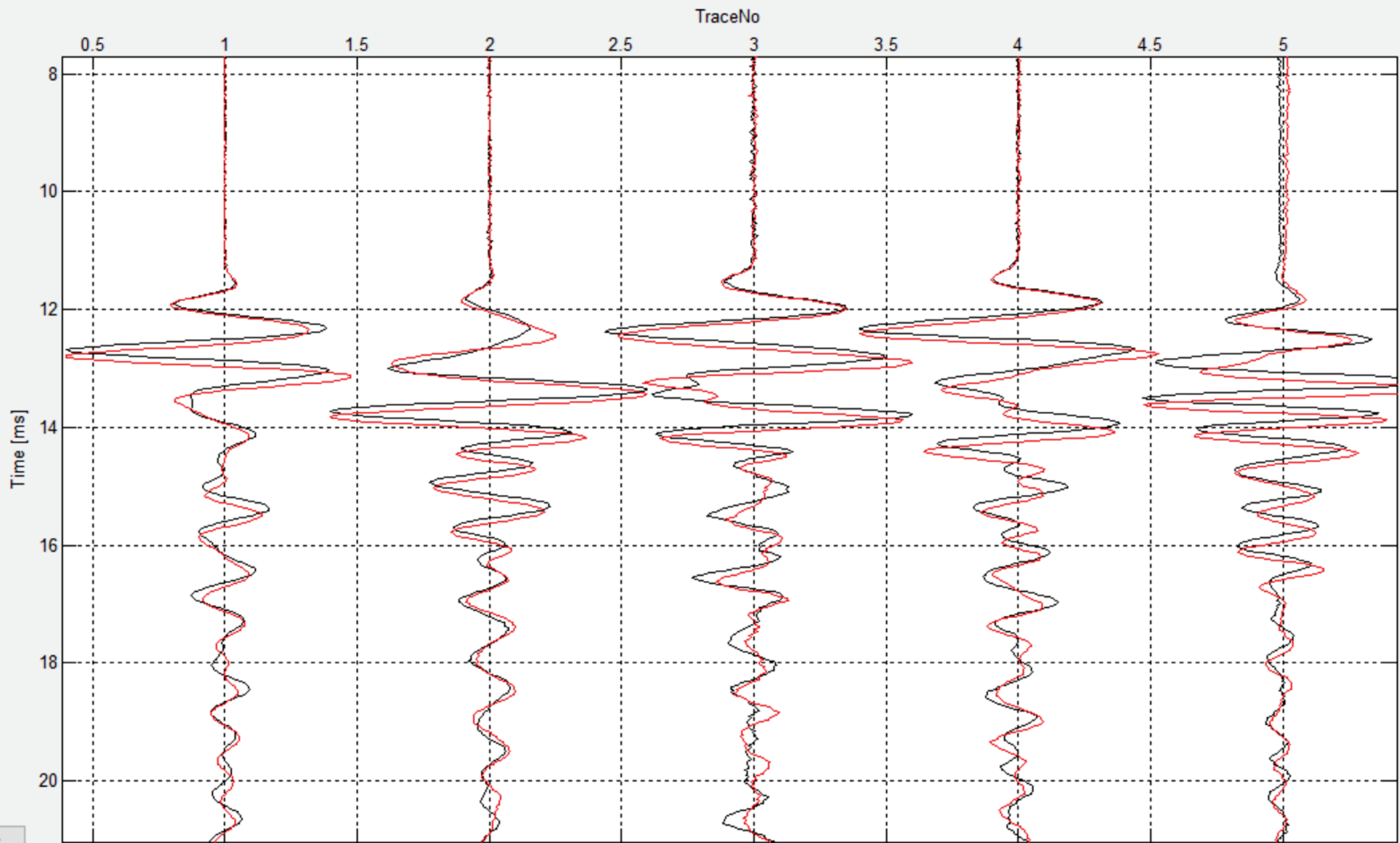
Distance [m]  Velocity [m/s]

**Lowpass Filter**

1st File  Hz  
 2nd File  Hz

**Highpass Filter**

1st File  Hz  
 2nd File  Hz



File Parameters

1st File

2nd File

Plot Parameters

Read Receiver Locations  
 Stack Correction  
 Remove Offset

MBAS

Scale Factor

Marker

Enable Confidence Interval

Pick Channel   Limit [ms]

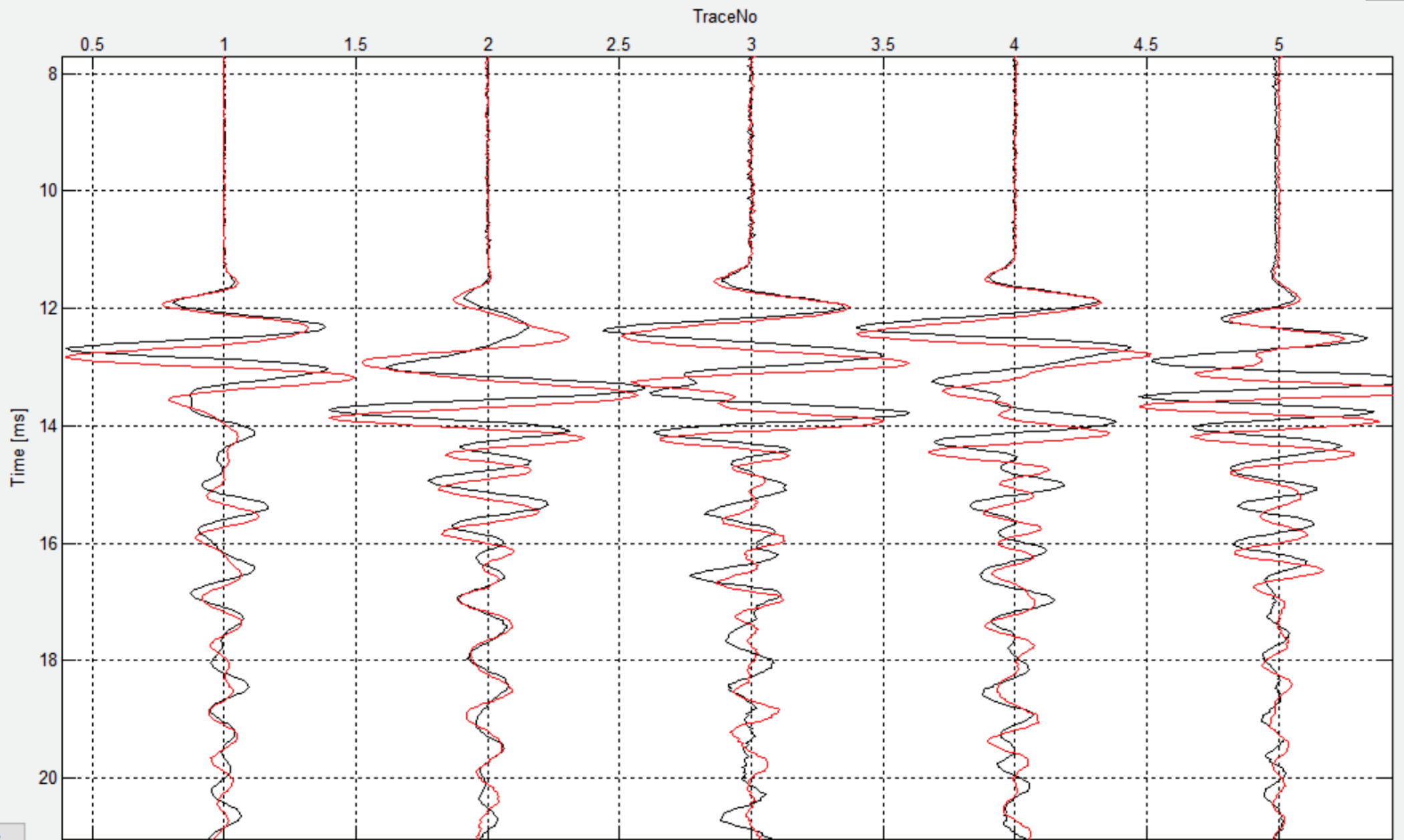
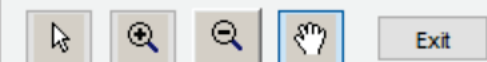
Distance [m]  Velocity [m/s]

Lowpass Filter

1st File  Hz  
 2nd File

Highpass Filter

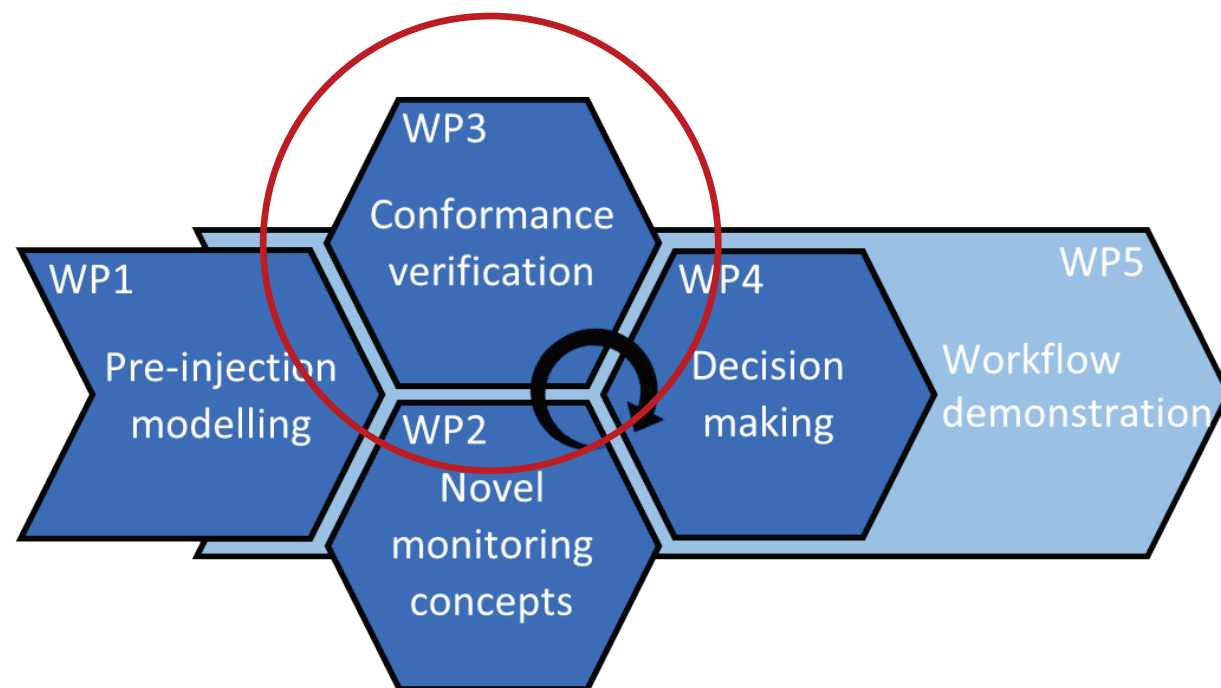
1st File  Hz  
 2nd File



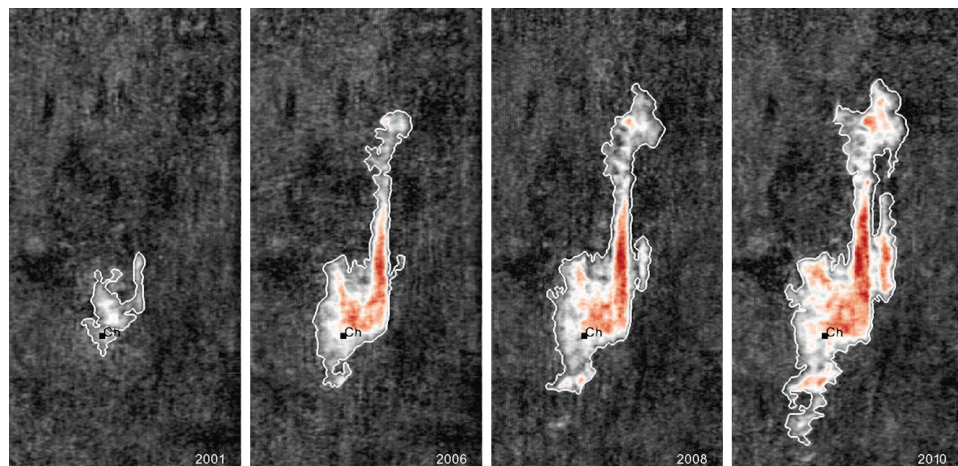


# WP3: Conformance verification

- WP leader: Stefan Carpentier (TNO)
- Construct a *workflow* integrating *multiple data types* and *uncertainties* for assessing *industrial scale* CO<sub>2</sub> storage site *conformance*
- Definition of ‘conformance’, confidence levels
- Optimal workflow and monitoring plan for determining conformance and making decisions



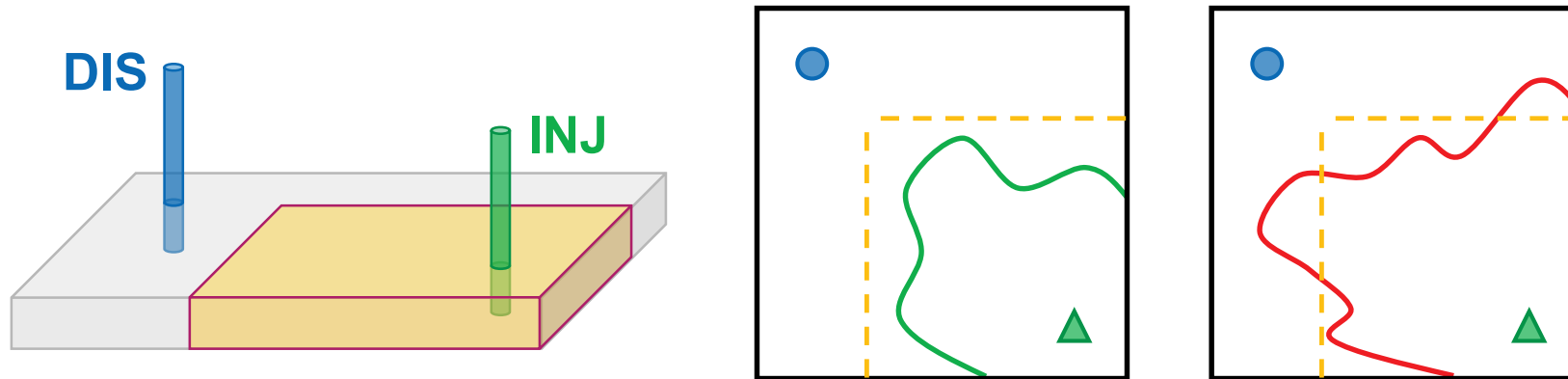
# Conformance: history matching



- CO2 migration can be accurately imaged with geophysical data.
- Flow simulations, based on the best estimates of reservoir parameters, allow prediction to be made.
- But results do not always match!

# Conformance and value-of-information

- Injected CO<sub>2</sub> must remain within regulatory/safety bounds
  - Quantity of interest: conformance verification at the end of injection period ( $t = T$ )

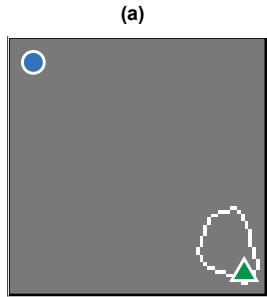


- Monitoring alternatives:
  - Time-lapse survey during interval  $t = [0, T]$
  - How to design the configuration of such a survey?
  - Which configuration is most useful for conformance verification at  $t = T$ ?

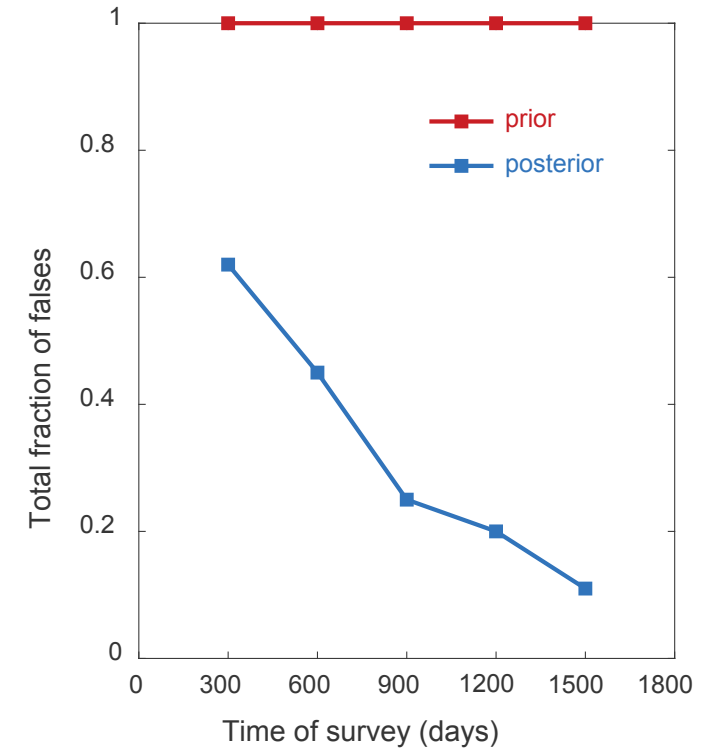
**Value of information**



# Survey considerations

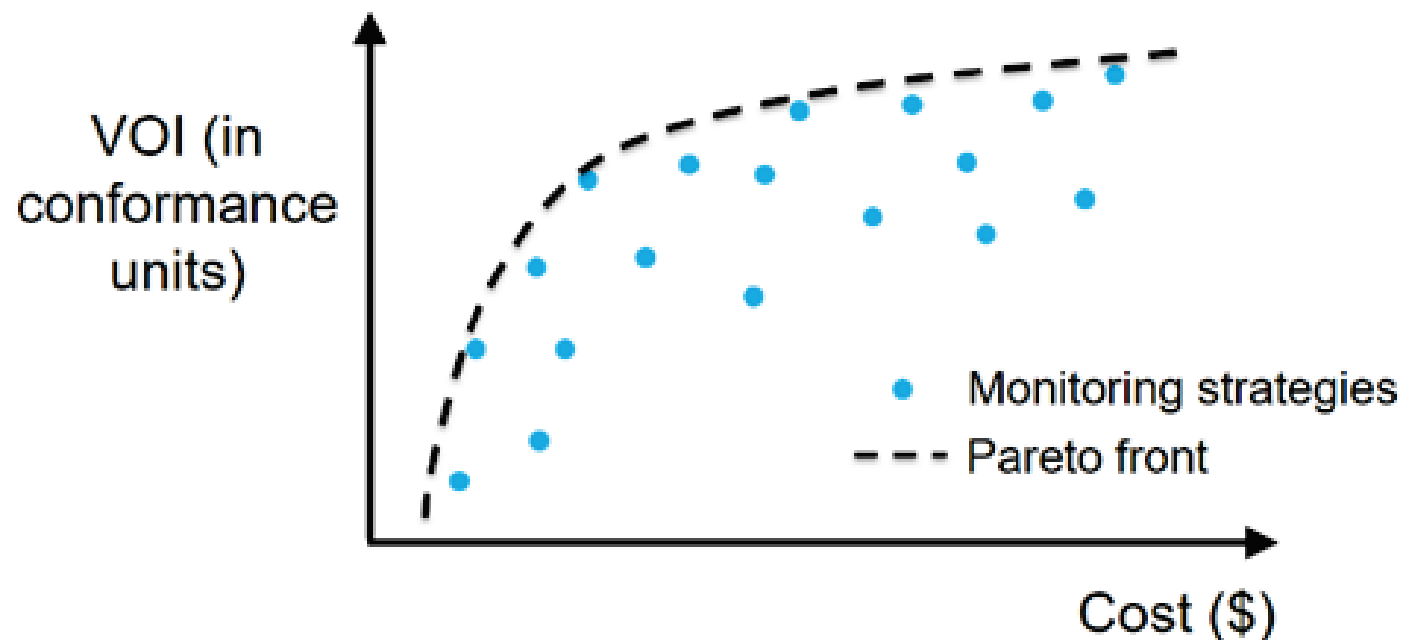


- Varying time of acquisition



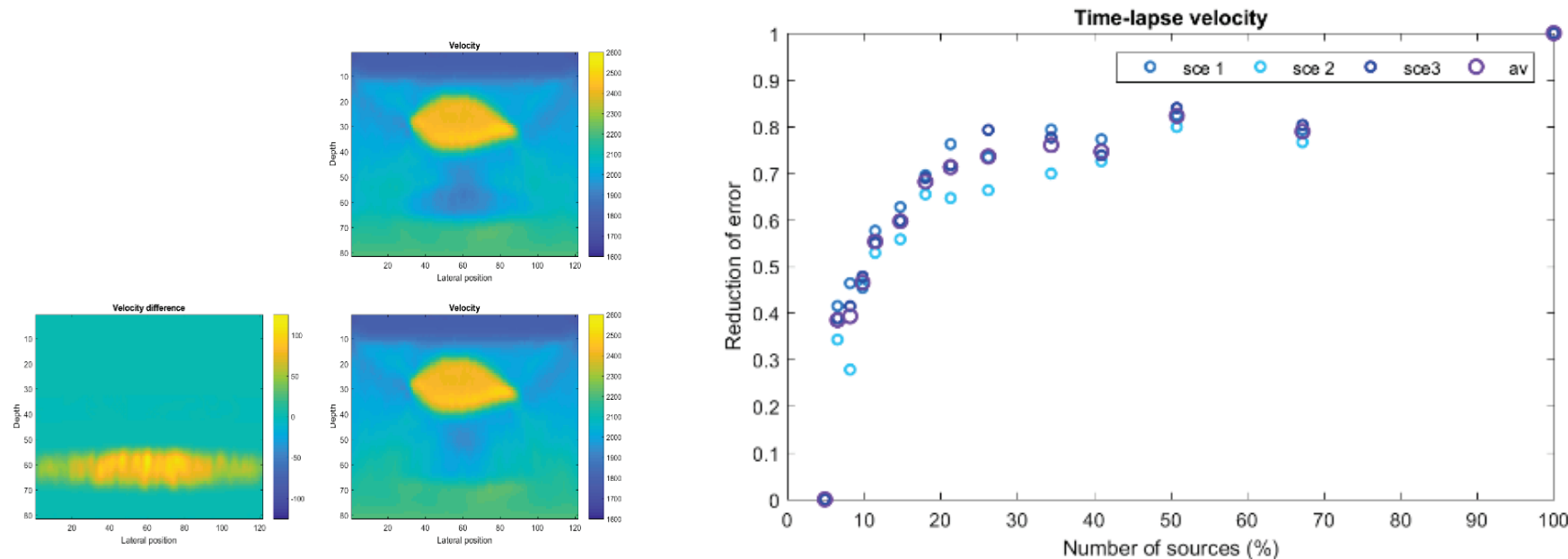
# Value-of-information

- **Expected gain** (in conformance units) and **deployment costs** (\$) associated with each configuration in the search of the best **trade-off**
- **Impact on CCS industry:** More cost-effective monitoring surveys through 1) lower survey effort and 2) faster turnaround leads to 3) earlier decision making and 4) more grip on uncertainties



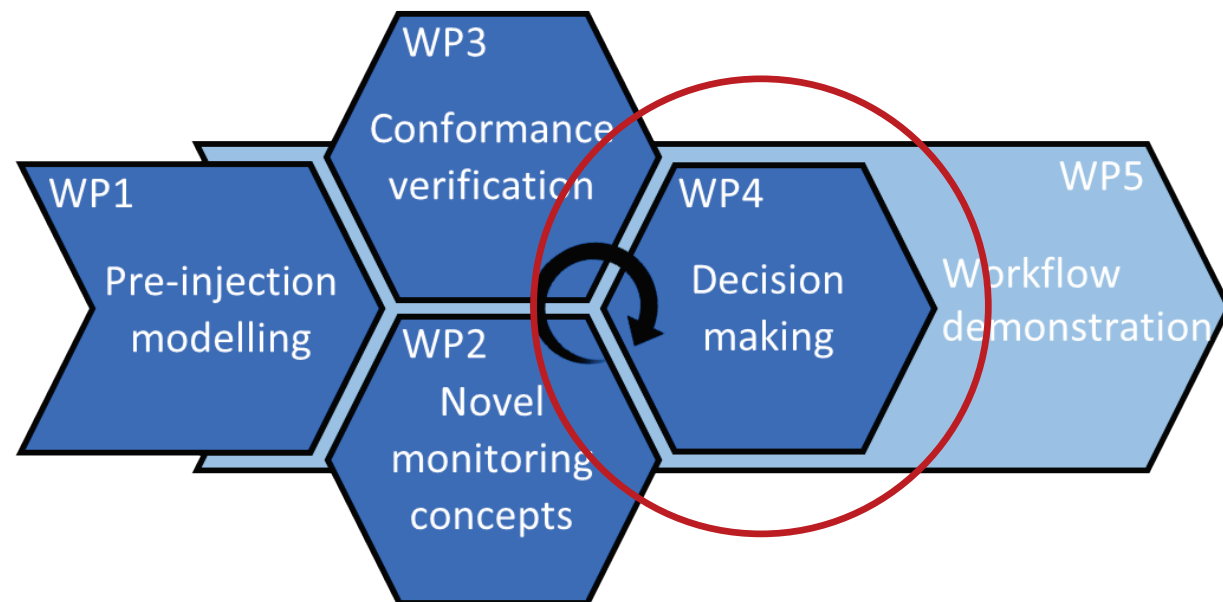
# Value-of-information

- **Expected gain** (in conformance units) and **deployment costs** (\$) associated with each configuration in the search of the best **trade-off**
- **Impact on CCS industry:** 80% result for 20% effort (enough for well-informed decisions)



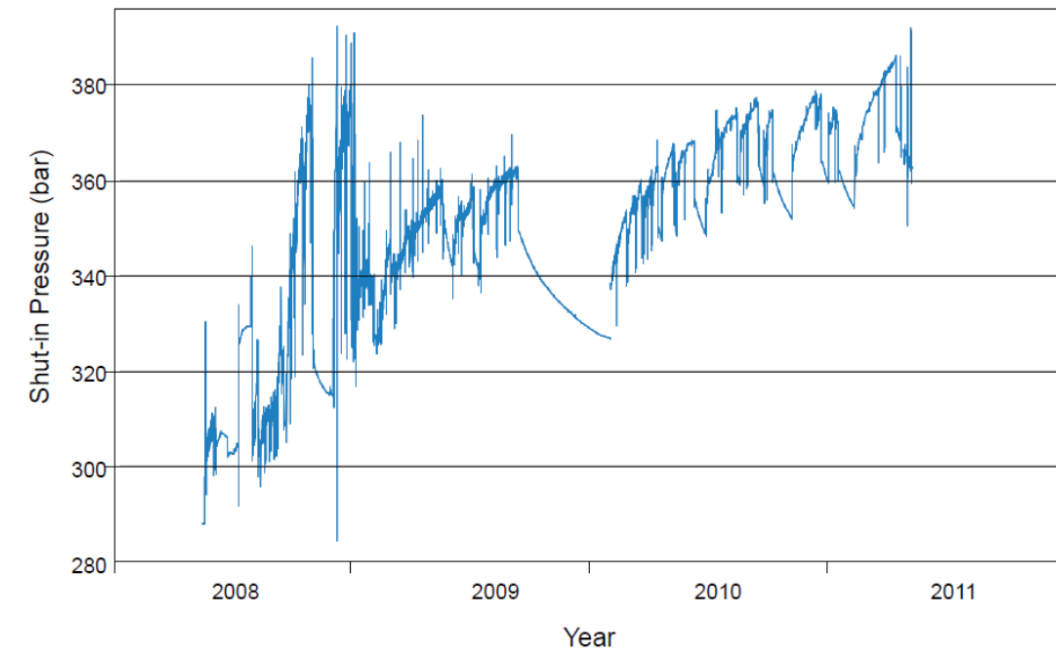
# WP4: Decision making

- WP leader: Alv-Arne Grimstad (SINTEF)
- Investigate and describe procedures that should be set in motion if a conformance test has failed
- Enable knowledge-based decision-making
- Explore consequences of possible actions



# WP4 context

- What does a failed conformance test signify?
- Monitoring data indicates that the storage site behaviour cannot with sufficient certainty be said to be consistent with predictions
- Predictions of future storage site behaviour should show safe containment (by "definition")
- A failed conformance test therefore means that we are not sure that the site develops in a manner that ensures containment of injected CO<sub>2</sub>



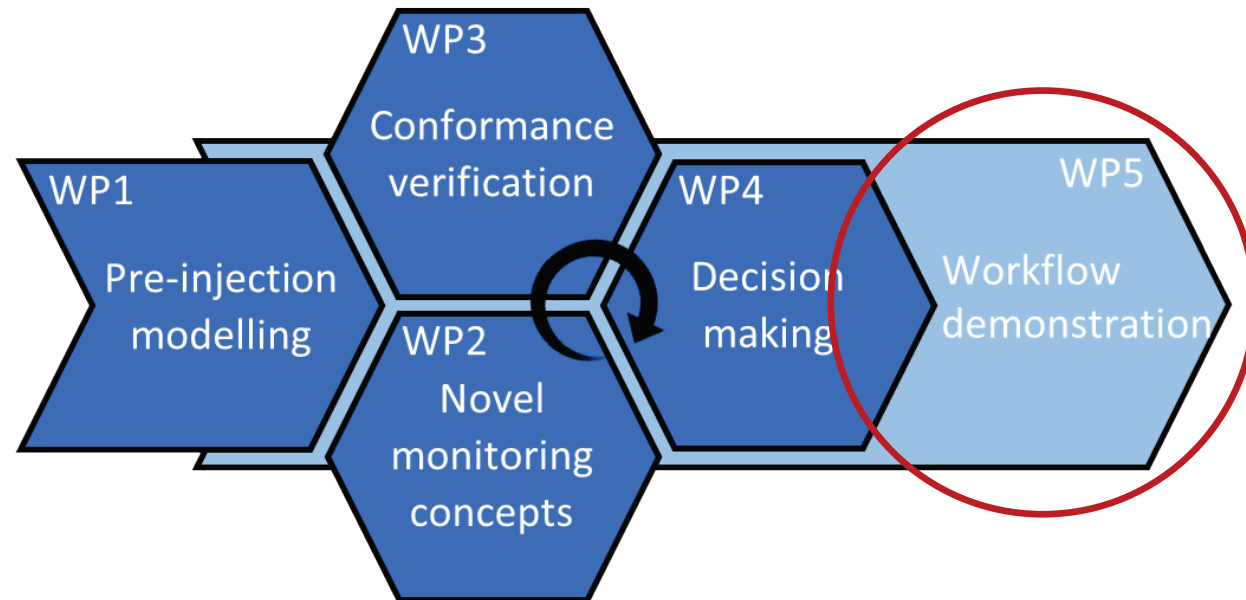
*Development of shut-in pressure at Snøhvit Tubåen. Predicted exceed of estimated fracture reactivation pressure (390 bar) led to change of injection plan.*

*From Hermanrud et al, 2013; Figure 6.*



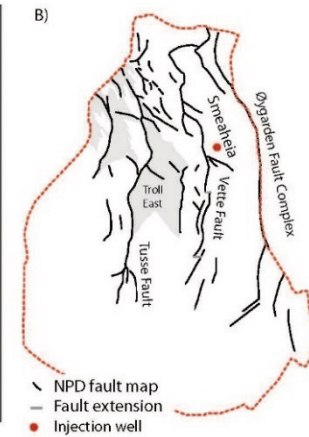
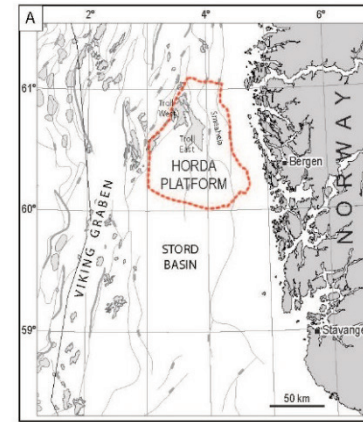
# WP5: Workflow demonstration

- WP leader: Ane Lothe (SINTEF)
- Demonstrate value of project results through **application of the methodology developed in WP1–WP4** to storage scenarios at realistic sites
- **Communicate the results to stakeholders:** authorities, regulators, policy and decision makers, politicians, etc.

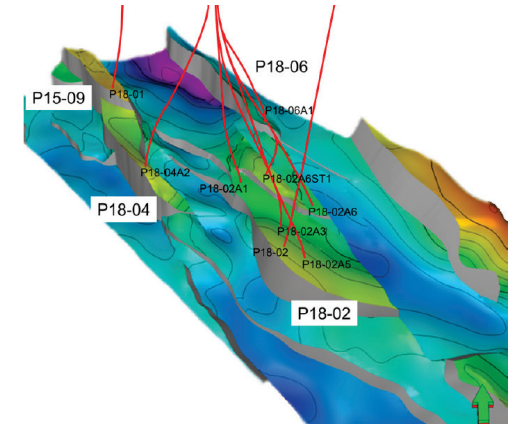


# Workflow demonstration

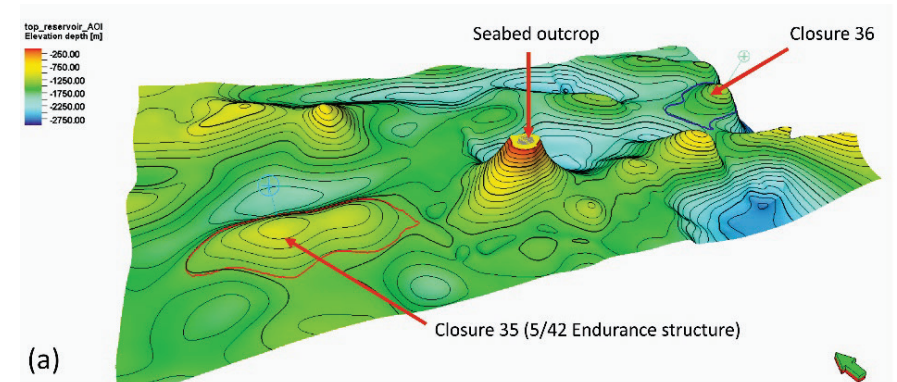
- **Smeaheia case** (SINTEF, Equinor)
  - Effect of gas Troll production on regional pressure depletion
  - Base injection plans to account for uncertainties
  - Develop a monitoring plan addressing changing baseline
- **P18-4** (TNO, TAQA)
  - Base-line injection plans will be tested and optimised
  - A monitor plan will be designed
- **Endurance** (BGS, Shell)
  - Case study based on pressure linked injection operations
  - Focus on water extraction and boundary limits to control injection and extraction rates
- **Snøhvit** (SINTEF, Total)
  - Extra case being discussed



Lothe et al. (2018)



Arts et al. (2012)



# Dissemination (organized workshops)

- Pre-ACT kick-off days at Sem Gård, Norway, 7-9 November 2017.
- **Open workshop about and a field trip to the ECCSEL Svelvik CO2 Field Lab.** Participation from Pre-ACT, NFR, Gassnova, NPD, UiO, Uppsala University, Aker Solutions, smaller vendors and several research institutes.
- Pre-ACT kick-off meeting
- Pre-ACT WP4 **workshop on decision-making**



# Dissemination (organized workshops)

---

- WP2/WP3 meeting with **public workshop on "Quantitative measures of site conformance"** (20-21 February 2018, Utrecht). External participation from EBN (NL) and NPD (NO).
- Pre-ACT Annual Meeting (19-20 November 2018, Utrecht)
  - Annual meeting
  - **CO2 monitoring/conformance workshop** (semi-public). Common lunch with the ACT ECOBASE project. Participants from other ACT projects (Elegancy and DETECT) and projects such as ENOS, the Field Research Station (FRS), and ICO2P.



# Dissemination (other workshops)

---

- CO2 GeoNet poster (May 2018)
- Otway Stage 3 Peer Review panel participation
- Invitation to meet US federal- and state-government delegation
- Input and poster at Accelerating CCUS Intl. Conference (Edinburgh, Nov 2018)
- Presentation at "NCCS workshop on fault derisking" (Feb 2019)
- Presentations at two ACT Knowledge Sharing Workshops (Oct 2017, Nov 2018)
- Presentations at two EERA-CCS steering committee meetings (Dec 2017, Dec 2018)
- Presentation at "EU CCS Storage Research Projects Science-Policy Showcase" (Sept -19)
- Presentation CSLF Annual Technical Group Technical Meeting (Nov 2019)

# Dissemination (conference presentations)

- 1 poster at EAGE Conference and Exhibition (Copenhagen, 2018)
- 1 poster at SEG annual meeting (Anaheim, 2018)
- 1 poster at European Meeting of Environmental and Engineering Geophysics
- 3 presentations/posters at GHGT-14 (Melbourne, 2018)
- 6 presentations/posters at 5<sup>th</sup> Geological Storage Workshop (Utrecht, 2018)
- 1 presentation at EAGE ws Practical Reservoir Monitoring (Amsterdam, 2019)
- Presentations at SEG and Petroleum Geostatistics



# Dissemination (publications)

- 16 publications, proceedings papers, and extended abstracts (until midterm)
- Links on Pre-ACT website

- Weinzierl, W., Lüth, S., Rippe, D., Schmidt-Hattenberger, C., & Wiese, B. (2018, June). Rock Physics Driven Workflow for Pressure and Saturation Control in Quantitative CO<sub>2</sub> Monitoring. In *80th EAGE Conference and Exhibition 2018*. <https://doi.org/10.3997/2214-4609.201801150>
- Weinzierl, W., Wiese, B., Lüth, S., Rippe, D., & Schmidt-Hattenberger, C. (2018). Preinjection AVO conceptual modeling for the Svelvik CO<sub>2</sub> field laboratory. In *SEG Technical Program Expanded Abstracts 2018* (pp. 2800-2804). Society of Exploration Geophysicists. <https://doi.org/10.1190/segam2018-2989649.1>.
- Romdhane, A., Querendez, E., & Eliasson, P. (2018, September). Surface Seismic Monitoring of Near Surface CO<sub>2</sub> Injection at Svelvik-Synthetic Study. In *24th European Meeting of Environmental and Engineering Geophysics*. <https://doi.org/10.3997/2214-4609.201802606>
- Dupuy B., Torres V., Romdhane A., and Ghaderi A. Norwegian large-scale CO<sub>2</sub> storage project (Smeaheia): baseline geophysical models. In *Proceedings of the 14th Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies Conference (GHGT-14)*. <https://ssrn.com/abstract=3366399>
- Eliasson P., Cerasi, P., Romdhane, A., White J. C., Schmidt-Hattenberger, C., Carpentier, S., Grimstad, A.-A., and Lothe, A. E. Pressure control and conformance management for safe and efficient CO<sub>2</sub> storage – an overview of the Pre-ACT project. In *Proceedings of the 14th Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies Conference (GHGT-14)*. <https://ssrn.com/abstract=3365876>
- Lothe A. E., Eliasson P., Bergmo P. E., and Emmel B. Effects of uncertainties in fault and seismic interpretations on CO<sub>2</sub> storage pressure distribution and pressure control. In *Proceedings of the 14th Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies Conference (GHGT-14)*. <https://ssrn.com/abstract=3366363>
- Ringstad, Cathrine and Eliasson, Peder and Grimstad, Alv-Arne, Re-Vitalization and Upgrade of the Svelvik CO<sub>2</sub> Field Laboratory in Norway. In *14th Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies Conference Melbourne 21-26 October 2018 (GHGT-14)*. <https://ssrn.com/abstract=3366121>
- Romdhane, Anouar and Eliasson, Peder, Optimised Geophysical Survey Design for CO<sub>2</sub> Monitoring – A Synthetic Study. 14th Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies Conference Melbourne 21-26 October 2018 (GHGT-14). <https://ssrn.com/abstract=3366260>
- Wiese, B. U.; Weinzierl, W. & Schmidt-Hattenberger, C. (2018): Towards a multiphysical model and inversion of the Ketzin CO<sub>2</sub> storage site full operational period. In *14th Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies Conference Melbourne 21-26 October 2018 (GHGT-14)*. (submitted)
- Barros, E., Leeuwenburgh, O., Carpentier, S., Wilschut, F., & Neele, F. (2018, November). Quantifying Efficiency Of Field-Wide Geophysical Surveys For Verifying CO<sub>2</sub> Plume Conformance During Storage Operations. In *Fifth CO<sub>2</sub> Geological Storage Workshop*. <https://doi.org/10.3997/2214-4609.201802991>
- Dupuy, B., Romdhane, A., & Eliasson, P. (2018, November). Bayesian Inference In CO<sub>2</sub> Storage Monitoring: A Way To Assess Uncertainties In Geophysical Inversions. In *Fifth CO<sub>2</sub> Geological Storage Workshop*. <https://doi.org/10.3997/2214-4609.201803005>
- Carpentier, S., Abidin, H., Steeghs, P., & Veldkamp, H. (2018, November). Identifying Hidden Risk Elements For CO<sub>2</sub> Storage From Reprocessed Seismic Data. In *Fifth CO<sub>2</sub> Geological Storage Workshop*. <https://doi.org/10.3997/2214-4609.201802950>
- Vosper, H., White, J., & Gent, C. (2018, November). Control Of Pressure Propagation In A Heterogeneous CO<sub>2</sub> Storage Reservoir Using Water Production. In *Fifth CO<sub>2</sub> Geological Storage Workshop*. <https://doi.org/10.3997/2214-4609.201802968>
- Weinzierl, W., B. Wiese, M. Jordan, C. Schmidt-Hattenberger, P. Eliasson, C. Ringstad, S. Lüth, & Grimstad, A. (2018, November). Pre-Operational Considerations In A Poro-Elastic Site Assessment For The Svelvik Field Lab. In *Fifth CO<sub>2</sub> Geological Storage Workshop*. <https://doi.org/10.3997/2214-4609.201803004>
- Eliasson, P., Ringstad, C., Grimstad, A., Jordan, M., & Romdhane, A. (2018, November). Svelvik CO<sub>2</sub> Field Lab: Upgrade And Experimental Campaign. In *Fifth CO<sub>2</sub> Geological Storage Workshop*. <https://doi.org/10.3997/2214-4609.201802973>
- Wuestefeld, A. and Wilks, M., 2019, How to twist and turn a fiber: Performance modeling for optimal DAS acquisitions The Leading Edge, 38(3), 226-231, <https://doi.org/10.1190/tle38030226.1>

# Stakeholder workshops

---

- 1st meeting in Trondheim, 10 April 2019
  - "First government exploitation permit for CO<sub>2</sub> storage at the Norwegian Continental Shelf"
- 2nd meeting in Brussels, 10 October 2019
  - "Mission: Safe and cost-efficient CO<sub>2</sub> storage for European industry"
- 3rd meeting in "Oslo", 14 November 2019
  - Svelvik official opening
  - Open for anybody to participate
- 4th meeting (TBD, February 2020)



[www.sintef.no/projectweb/svelvik-co2-field-lab](http://www.sintef.no/projectweb/svelvik-co2-field-lab)





# Acknowledgements

This work has been produced with support from the SINTEF-coordinated Pre-ACT project (Project No. 271497) funded by RCN (Norway), Gassnova (Norway), BEIS (UK), RVO (Netherlands), and BMWi (Germany) and co-funded by the European Commission under the Horizon 2020 programme, ACT Grant Agreement No 691712. We also acknowledge the industry partners for their contributions: Total, Equinor, Shell, TAQA.



ACT Pre-ACT project (Project No. 271497)



TOTAL

